

## ANNOTATION

on the dissertations Nishonzoda Riskiboy on the topic: “Improving the management of the spatial and territorial development of the social infrastructure of the region (based on the materials of the Sughd region of the Republic of Tajikistan)”

**Key words:** social infrastructure, unevenness, spatial development, integrated approach, accessibility assessment, accessibility of facilities, project management, regional standard, public-private partnership, spatial development, citizens' needs.

In the dissertation of Nishonzoda Riskiboy, devoted to improving the management of the spatial and territorial development of social infrastructure in the Sughd region of the Republic of Tajikistan, scientific approaches to the spatial location of public sector enterprises, the concepts of modern schools of economic thought, in terms of creating conditions for life support, reproduction and development of the population, are studied. In particular, the author determined the socio-economic significance of social infrastructure for the region; researched methodological approaches to assessing the availability of social infrastructure to the population; analyzed the state of social infrastructure and its impact on the development of the region; the availability of social infrastructure to the population in the context of territories was revealed; recommendations were developed to improve the institutional mechanisms for the spatial development of the region's social infrastructure. The paper develops theoretical approaches on the relationship between spatial and socio-infrastructure development; the expediency of using the methodology of complex analysis is substantiated, which makes it possible to assess the degree of accessibility of social infrastructure to the population of the territories of the region, to conduct a typology of territories; it is proved that disproportions in the placement of social infrastructure facilities in the territories of the region increase the differentiation of the quality of life of the population and do not contribute to the achievement of the goal of sustainable human development; a set of recommendations has been developed and proposed to improve the management of the development of social infrastructure in the Sughd region, which contributes to improving the quality of life of the population. These provisions give reason to believe that this dissertation work has elements of scientific novelty and is a complete study on a topical topic.