

ANNOTATION

**for the dissertation research of Negmatova Shohida Gufrovnova
on the topic “Development of households in the socio-economic system of
the region (on the example of Sughd region of the Republic of Tajikistan)”**

Key words: household, household economics, household income and expenditures, human capital, region, socio-economic development, consumer sector of the economy, family budget, gross regional product, household behavior, labor potential, property potential, savings, economic resources, average annual number of employees, unemployed, welfare of the population.

Relevance of the research topic. In the context of economic transformations, the role of the household economy as a stable socio-economic unit of society is becoming more and more important. This testifies to the development and activation of such household economic functions as private subsidiary farming, individual labor and entrepreneurship, family business, housework, handicrafts, dehqan farming, farming, whose activities are based on domestic labor. That is, households provide the economy with factors of production, supply them in the resource market, receive income, purchase goods and services to meet the needs of household members. Households also provide the production and reproduction of human capital, and the household savings are a source of savings and investments, which are critical in the developing economy.

Research object – development of households in the Sughd region of the Republic of Tajikistan.

The subject of the research is the economic relations arising in the process of formation and development of households in the socio-economic system of the region.

The purpose of the dissertation is to develop theoretical and practical aspects of households, substantiate the specifics of their activities in a market economy and develop specific measures to improve the efficiency of households in the regional economy.

The novelty of the study lies in clarifying the theoretical and methodological foundations for the development of households and developing measures to improve their efficiency in order to achieve sustainable socio-economic growth in the regions of the country.